

# $Q^*$ : Implementing Quantum Separation Logic in $F^*$

Kesha Hietala, Sarah Marshall, Robert Rand, Nikhil Swamy  
Amazon                      Microsoft                      UChicago                      Microsoft



# Background: Separation Logic

- An extension of Hoare Logic with additional operators including  $\star$  (“separating conjunction”), which describes disjoint parts of the heap
  - $\{x \mapsto 0 \star y \mapsto 0\}$  says that variables  $x$  and  $y$  both have value 0, and that they are *distinct* (i.e., not aliases of each other)
- The *frame rule* supports scalable reasoning

$$\frac{\{P\} C \{Q\}}{\{P \star R\} C \{Q \star R\}}, \text{mod}(C) \cap \text{fv}(R) = \emptyset$$

- Allows us to prove a “local” property  $\{P\} C \{Q\}$  and extend it to a “global” property  $\{P \star R\} C \{Q \star R\}$

# Quantum Separation Logic?

- ★ describes *separability* of quantum states
- $P_1 \star P_2$  says that we can partition the global state  $\Psi$  into  $\Psi_1$  and  $\Psi_2$  such that  $P_1$  holds of  $\Psi_1$ ,  $P_2$  holds of  $\Psi_2$ , and  $\Psi = \Psi_1 \otimes \Psi_2$
- Provides a convenient notation for describing whether states are entangled
- Allows us to reason modularly about parts of the state that are not entangled
- Proposed by [Zhou et al. \(2021\)](#) and [Le et al. \(2022\)](#)
  - But no implementation

# F\*: A Proof-Oriented Programming Language

- F\* is a functional programming language and proof assistant from Microsoft Research
- Uses the Z3 solver in the backend for automation



<https://www.fstar-lang.org/>

- Steel ([Fromherz et al. \(2021\)](#)) is an F\* implementation of a *concurrent* separation logic
- By building on top of Steel, we get a framework for the ★ operator and frame rule “for free”

# Modeling Quantum State

- In order to interpret  $\star$  in Steel's separation logic, we need a model of quantum state & a partial commutative monoid over it
- We define a type `qvec qs`, which is a wrapper around a complex vector of length  $2^{|qs|}$  with a commutative definition of tensor
  - Our underlying matrix library is a port of the [QuantumLib](#) library (used in SQIR and QWIRE) from Coq to F\*
  - Our commutative definition of tensor is a work-in-progress, but our idea is to apply the standard Kronecker product followed by a permutation matrix to maintain a fixed ordering of qubits

# $Q^* = F^*$ with Quantum Actions

- We introduce a predicate  $\bar{q} \mapsto |\psi\rangle$ , which says that the set of qubits  $\bar{q}$  are collectively in state  $|\psi\rangle$  (and, implicitly, unentangled with outside qubits)
- We define four quantum *actions*

$$\{ \mathbf{emp} \} q \leftarrow \mathbf{alloc} \{ q \mapsto |0\rangle \}$$

$$\{ q \mapsto |\psi\rangle \} \mathbf{discard} q \{ \mathbf{emp} \}$$

$$\{ q \cup \bar{q} \mapsto |\psi\rangle \} b \leftarrow \mathbf{measure} q \{ q \mapsto |b\rangle \star \bar{q} \mapsto \text{proj}(q, b, |\psi\rangle) \}$$

$$\{ \bar{q} \mapsto |\psi\rangle \} \mathbf{apply} U \bar{q} \{ \bar{q} \mapsto U |\psi\rangle \}$$

- And an *entailment rule*

$$\bar{q}_1 \cup \bar{q}_2 \mapsto |\psi_1\rangle_{\bar{q}_1} \otimes |\psi_2\rangle_{\bar{q}_2} \iff (\bar{q}_1 \mapsto |\psi_1\rangle) \star (\bar{q}_2 \mapsto |\psi_2\rangle)$$



# Example: Quantum Teleportation

(written in Microsoft's Q# language)

```
operation Entangle (qAlice : Qubit, qBob : Qubit) : Unit is Adj {  
    H(qAlice);  
    CNOT(qAlice, qBob);  
}
```

quantum gates →

arguments →

return type →

operation is automatically "adjointable" →

```
operation SendMsg (qAlice : Qubit, qMsg : Qubit) : (Bool, Bool) {  
    Adjoint Entangle(qMsg, qAlice);  
    let m1 = M(qMsg);  
    let m2 = M(qAlice);  
    return (m1 == One, m2 == One);  
}
```

adjoint operation →

measurement →

```
operation DecodeMsg (qBob : Qubit, (b1 : Bool, b2 : Bool)) : Unit {  
    if b1 { Z(qBob); }  
    if b2 { X(qBob); }  
}
```

classical control flow →

```
operation Teleport (qMsg : Qubit, qBob : Qubit) : Unit {  
    use qAlice = Qubit();  
    Entangle(qAlice, qBob);  
    let classicalBits = SendMsg(qAlice, qMsg);  
    DecodeMsg(qBob, classicalBits);  
}
```

qubit allocation →

implicit deallocation →

# Example: Quantum Teleportation

$$\{q_A \mapsto |0\rangle \star q_B \mapsto |0\rangle\} \text{ Entangle}(q_A, q_B) \{ \{q_A, q_B\} \mapsto \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|00\rangle + |11\rangle) \}$$

$$\{q_M \cup \bar{q} \mapsto |\phi\rangle \star \{q_A, q_B\} \mapsto \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|00\rangle + |11\rangle)\}$$

$$\text{let } (b_1, b_2) = \text{SendMsg}(q_A, q_M)$$

$$\{q_M \mapsto |b_1\rangle \star q_A \mapsto |b_2\rangle \star q_B \cup \bar{q} \mapsto Z_{q_B}^{b_1} X_{q_B}^{b_2} |\phi\rangle\}$$

$$\{q_B \cup \bar{q} \mapsto |\phi\rangle\} \text{ DecodeMsg}(q_B, (b_1, b_2)) \{q_B \cup \bar{q} \mapsto X_{q_B}^{b_2} Z_{q_B}^{b_1} |\phi\rangle\}$$

$$\{q_M \cup \bar{q} \mapsto |\phi\rangle \star q_B \mapsto |0\rangle\} \text{ Teleport}(q_M, q_B) \{q_B \cup \bar{q} \mapsto |\phi\rangle\}$$



# Prototype Implementation

- Available at [github.com/microsoft/qsharp-verifier/tree/sep-logic](https://github.com/microsoft/qsharp-verifier/tree/sep-logic)
  - Not under active development, but open to contributions!

- Type for teleport:

```
val teleport (#qs:qbits)
  (qM:qbit{ disjoint {qM} qs })
  (#st:qvec (union {qM} qs))
  (qB:qbit{ qB <> qM /\ disjoint {qB} qs })
: STT unit
  (pts_to (union {qM} qs) st `star` pts_to {qB} (ket _ false))
  (fun _ -> pts_to (union {qB} qs) st)
```

“other” qubits in the environment (implicit)

message qubit, distinct from qs

initial state of qM and qs (implicit)

Bob’s qubit, distinct from qs and qM

Steel return type is unit

precondition:  $\{q_M \cup \bar{q} \mapsto |\psi\rangle \star q_B \mapsto |0\rangle\}$

postcondition:  $\{q_B \cup \bar{q} \mapsto |\psi\rangle\}$

# Prototype Implementation

```
let teleport
= let qA = alloc () in
  disjointness (single qA) (single qB) #_;
  disjointness (single qA) (union (single qM) qs) #_;
  entangle qA qB;
  let bits = send_msg qA qM #_ in
  decode_msg qB qs bits;
  discard qA _;
  discard qM _;
  teleport_lemma (fst bits) (snd bits) qB qs
    (relabel_indices (union (single qB) qs) state);
  rewrite (pts_to (union (single qB) qs) _)
    (pts_to (union (single qB) qs)
      (relabel_indices (union (single qB) qs) state))
```

code →

proof

# Additional Applications

- Discard safety
  - A qubit must be unentangled when deallocated
- Qubit resetting and reuse
  - Confirm that a qubit is in the  $|0\rangle$  state on discard
- No cloning
  - Check whether qubits alias one another
- More in Kesha's thesis: <https://khieta.github.io/files/drafts/khieta-dissertation.pdf>

# Future Directions

Code available at: [github.com/microsoft/qsharp-verifier](https://github.com/microsoft/qsharp-verifier)  
Separation logic w/ teleport example in the **sep-logic** branch

- Verify more interesting classical/quantum programs
  - Idea: Use Steel to reason about hybrid quantum/classical *concurrent* programs
- Fix rough edges in the implementation (many admits in our lin. algebra code)
- Integrate  $Q^*$  into the  $Q\#$  toolchain

